Numb. 9577.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority

From Saturday April 24, to Tuesday April 27, 1756

AT the Court at St. *James's* the 30th Day of *March* 1756,

PRESENT,

The Lords of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council.

WHereas the Time limited by His Majesty's Order in Council, of the 28th of February last, for paying the respective Bounties therein mentioned, to all Able and Ordinary Seamen, and also to all Able-bodied Landmen, who should voluntarily enter themselves in His Majesty's Royal Navy; And likewise for paying the Rewards to Persons discovering Seamen who should conceal themselves, will expire upon the 31st Day of this Instant March.— And whereas it is judged expedient for His Majesty's Service, That the Bounties and Rewards thereby given should be continued to be paid for some Time longer: — It is thereupon this Day Ordered in Council, that the Bounties of Three Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Twenty Years; and of Thirty Shillings for every Able-bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, be continued to be paid to such Seamen and Landmen respectively, who shall, on or before the 30th Day of April next, enter themselves in the Royal Navy, in the Manner directed by His Majesty's Proclamation of the 11th Day of November last. And likewise that the Rewards of Two Pounds for every Able, and Twenty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, be continued to be paid to any Persons who shall, on or before the said 30th Day of April next, discover any Seaman or Seamen, who shall conceal themselves, so as such Seaman or Seamen be taken for His Majesty's Service. Whereof all Persons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly. *W. Sharpe.*

War-Office, April 15, 1756.

WHereas a Power is given to His Majesty in the Act for the speedy and effectual Recruiting of His Majesty's Land Forces and Marines, that when His Majesty shall be satisfied by the Returns of the Commissioners or otherwise, that a sufficient Number of Recruits in the Whole shall be raised for His present Service, He may be graciously pleased to suspend, or stop the further Execution of that Act, by Proclamation, or Order in Council, or other publick Notice in the London Gazette: And whereas the great Zeal of the Nobility and Gentry for His Majesty's Service hath almost compleated the Corps for which Impressed Men were intended, I am commanded by the King to give this publick Notice in the London Gazette, that His Majesty is graciously pleased to suspend and stop the further Execution of the said Act for the speedy and effectual Recruiting His Majesty's Land Forces and Marines, from and after the first Day of May next, till further Notice. BARRINGTON.

Kensington, April 27.

The following Address of the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the University of Oxford, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable the Earl of Arran, Chancellor of the University, was by him presented to the King: His Majesty was pleased to receive it very graciously, and order'd the Earl of Arran to return His Thanks to the University for it.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the University of Oxford, humbly presume, at this Time of general Alarm, to renew our repeated Assurances of our most steady and inviolable Adherence to your Majesty's most Sacred Person, and your Royal Family.

An hostile Invasion of these your Majesty's Dominions, threatned by the ancient and avowed Enemy of our Religion, Constitution, and Commerce, calls aloud for the unanimous Efforts of all your faithful Subjects.

We are firmly persuaded, that every the least Appearance of an Attempt against your Majesty's Crown and Person must evidently tend to deprive us of the great Blessings we have hitherto enjoy'd under your most gracious and paternal Government.

The Justice of our Cause gives us a strong Confidence in the Blessing of the Almighty upon your Majesty's Counsels and Arms: And your Majesty's experienced great Wisdom and Magnanimity, directing the Concurrence and just Indignation of your People, now rous'd and united in Vindication of the Dignity and Rights of your Crown, are (we trust in God) the fairest Presage of an honourable Peace, or a successful War.

Your ancient University, under all Trials ever faithful to our Sovereigns, will not fail, in this critical Conjuncture, to testify, and exert to the utmost, our entire Fidelity to your Majesty; and may our constant and ardent Prayers prevail at the Throne of Grace for a long Continuance of your auspicious Reign over us; for the Security of our Religious and Civil Establishments; and (as their strongest Bulwark, under God) for the Perpetuity of the Protestant Succession in your Royal and Illustrious Progeny.

Given at our House of Convocation, April the 21st, in the Year of our Lord 1756.

The following Address of the Mayor and Commonalty of the City of York, having been transmitted by George Fox Lane, Esq; one of the Representatives of the said City, to the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary Fox, was by him presented to His Majesty, and very graciously received.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor and Commonalty

monalty of the City of York, in Common Council aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor and Commonalty of the City of York, in Common Council aſſembled, beg Leave, in this important Criſis, when your Kingdoms are threatned with Invaſion, to expreſs our unfeigned Affection to your Majeſty, and our hearty Indignation and Reſentment at ſo bold and impious an Enterprize.

The Juſtice of your Majeſty's Cauſe is known to all the World, and we truſt, that, by the Bleſſing of Providence upon your Fleets and Armies, by the Wiſdom and Vigilance of your Councils, and by the Courage and Fidelity of your People, the Haughtineſs of your Enemies will be humbled, and their Armaments ſubdued.

The wiſe and ſpeedy Preparations, made by your Majeſty, for the Defence of your Dominions, and the Protection of your People, are but a freſh Inſtance of what we have long and happily experienced, that the Honour of your Crowns, and the Safety and Welfare of your Subjects, are the conſtant, invariable Ends of your Government.

We ſhould be unworthy of the Name of Britons, if, in ſuch a Conjuncture, we were not willing to hazard our Lives and Fortunes in the Service of your Majeſty and our Country. In this common Cauſe we are firmly united, by the powerful Ties of Duty, Gratitude and Affection; and as we are fully convinced that the Security of our excellent Conſtitution, and the Safety of your Majeſty's Kingdoms do intirely depend upon the Continuance of the preſent happy Eſtabliſhment, ſo we do, with the greateſt Zeal and Unanimity, aſſure your Majeſty, that we are ready to encounter any Dangers in the Defence of your Sacred Perſon and Government, the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Illuſtrious Houſe, and the Religion, Laws and Liberties of our Country.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Exeter, has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the City of Exeter, in Chamber aſſembled, beg Leave humbly to approach your Throne in this Time of general Apprehenſion, with the moſt unfeigned Aſſurances of our unalterable Fidelity, and zealous Attachment to your Majeſty's Royal Perſon, Family, and Government.

A Neighbouring haughty Nation, ever preſuming on her exorbitant Force, and ever reſtleſs in her Endeavours to enlarge and extend it, had, by repeated Experience, found the Weight and Influence of this Kingdom an inſurmountable Barrier, by which her aſpiring Views had been hitherto reſtrained and controuled. Highly irritated at this continual Obſtacle, ſhe had laid hold of the Opportunity, given her by the general Tranquility of Europe, to apply her whole Attention, in an undiſguiſed and declared Manner, to diminiſh the Power, undermine the Trade, and inſult the Honour of Great Britain, by incroaching upon and invading her Settlements and Poſſeſſions in every Part of the World. It was in this intereſting Conjuncture, that we ſaw, with Hearts full of Joy, and the moſt dutiful Gratitude, that Vigilance and Steadineſs, with which your Majeſty's Paternal Care interpoſed, to check thoſe deſtructive Attempts, to protect every Part of your Dominions however remotely ſituated, and to vindicate from Outrage the Honour of your Kingdoms.

Enraged at the Diſappointment of her ambitious Schemes, that Inſolent Nation now threatens us with an Invaſion; but thoſe Menaces ſo publickly and with ſo much Affectation thrown out, and thoſe mighty Preparations ſhe is making, apparently with a View to effectuate them, excite in us no other Sentiments than thoſe of Reſentment and Indignation: Relying on the Divine Aſſiſtance and Bleſſing on the Juſtice of the National Cauſe, and entirely confiding in the Wiſdom and Prudence of thoſe vigorous Meaſures, which your Majeſty hath taken, and ſtill continues to take, in order to defeat any deſperate Attempt which the Rage of our Enemies may prompt them to hazard, we doubt not but your Majeſty, ſeconded by the affectionate Zeal and unanimous Concurrence of all your loyal Subjects, will be enabled, not only to provide for the Security of theſe your Dominions, but to inſpire with Terrour in their Turn thoſe proud Diſturbers of the General Tranquility, and make them repent their having ſo wantonly provoked the juſt Reſentments of the Britiſh Nation.

We beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we ſhall moſt heartily and chearfully exert our utmoſt Endeavours, to promote, aſſiſt, and render effectual, within the Extent of our ſeveral Stations, all ſuch Meaſures as your Majeſty ſhall judge expedient, for the Security of your Government, the Defence of your Kingdoms, and the Annoyance of your Enemies; and that we ſhall think no Sacrifice too great, which ſhall be neceſſary to ſecure to us our Religion, Conſtitution, Liberties and National Independance, which are all at preſent ſo dangerouſly threatened, and ſo avowedly ſtruck at.

The following Addreſs of the General Meeting of the Noblemen and Gentlemen of the County of Perth, has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the General Meeting of the Noblemen and Gentlemen of the County of Perth, aſſembled within the Burgh of Perth, on the 5th of April 1756.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, beg Leave to take this Opportunity of expreſſing our grateful Senſe of your Majeſty's unwearied Attention to the Preſervation of the juſt Rights of your Crown, and to the Protection of the Intereſts of your Colonies in America, againſt the unjuſt Attempts of the French. And at the ſame Time we do, with the juſteſt Gratitude, acknowledge the vigorous and wiſe Meaſures conſtantly purſued by your Majeſty for ſecuring your Dominions both at Home and Abroad, againſt the unjuſt Reſentments of your Enemies.

And now, when Great Britain and Ireland are threatned with an hoſtile Invaſion from France, we beg Leave to expreſs our Abhorrence of ſo unjuſt an Enterprize: And to aſſure your Majeſty, that we will exert our utmoſt Power,

and

and hazard our Lives and Fortunes, to ſupport and defend your Majeſty, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Royal Family, againſt all the Deſigns and Attempts of your Enemies.

Signed by Appointment of the Meeting, by
Rob. Craigie, Preſes.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeſſes and Inhabitants of Bridgwater, has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeſſes and Inhabitants of Bridgwater.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeſſes and Inhabitants of your Majeſty's ancient Borough of Bridgewater, beg Leave, in this Time of Danger, when France threatens Great Britain or Ireland with an hoſtile Invaſion, to aſſure your Majeſty of our Abhorrence and Deteſtation of ſo inſolent and audacious an Enterprize, which ſhe has projected in Reſentment for the paternal Care your Majeſty has graciouſly been pleaſed to take, in defending the juſt Rights and Poſſeſſions of your Crown, and in promoting the Trade and Commerce of your People.

Animated with the warmeſt Sentiments of Gratitude and Loyalty, may it pleaſe your Majeſty to permit us, from the Bottom of our Hearts, to expreſs our inviolable Duty and Affection to your Royal Perſon and Government, and our Readineſs, at all Times, to ſacrifice our Lives and Fortunes in the Defence of your Sacred Majeſty, the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Illuſtrious Houſe, and of the Poſſeſſions, Commerce, and juſt Rights of your Majeſty's Dominions.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Corporation and Burgeſſes of Taunton, has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Corporation and Burgeſſes of the ancient Borough and Town of Taunton in the County of Somerſet.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

SIR,

'TIS with the ſincereſt Duty that your Majeſty's loyal Subjects the Mayor, Corporation and Burgeſſes of Taunton, approach your Royal Perſon at this critical Conjuncture; as it is with the utmoſt Pleaſure that we have obſerved your Majeſty's truly paternal Care over us in numberleſs Inſtances; and particularly in the Meaſures which you have taken to guard our Rights and our Trade from the perfidious Incroachments of our inveterate Enemies. As it is our Duty (ſenſible how much we enjoy beyond neighbouring Nations) not merely to forbear obſtructing your Government by unreaſonable Oppoſitions, but to be actively loyal; ſo we promiſe all that free and dutiful Subjects owe to the beſt of Kings, and, with our Lives and Fortunes, will ſupport and defend our Sovereign, by whom we have been ſo long protected from Arbitrary Power, Oppreſſion, and Popery.

Given under our Common Seal, this 19th Day of April, 1756.

Warſaw, April 3. We are informed by our laſt Letters from the Ukraine, that the Hayducks continue to make Incurſions into that Province.

Stockholm, April 3. The Weather continues ſo ſevere in this Country, that the Navigation upon all our Rivers and Lakes is ſtill interrupted by the great Quantities of Ice floating in them. We hear that ſome ſlight ſhocks of an Earthquake have been lately felt in the Province of Jempteland, on the Frontiers of Norway, which alarmed the Inhabitants, but did no conſiderable Damage.

Copenhagen, April 10. This Day their Majeſties, and the Princeſs Charlotte Amelia, ſet out for Friedensbourg. The King has cauſed an Ordonnance to be publiſhed, forbidding the Officers of his Forces to enter into the Service of any Foreign Power without his Permiſſion.

Vienna, April 10. On Thurſday Morning laſt a grand Council was held at the Palace, at which their Imperial Majeſties aſſiſted. After which the Emperor ſet out with a numerous Retinue for Schloſhof.

Venice, April 14. We hear from Rome that the following Promotion of Cardinals was made by the Pope in the Conſiſtory on the 5th Inſtant, viz. Giovanni Battiſta Rovero, Archbiſhop of Turin; Francis Corrado Baron de Rodt, Biſhop of Conſtans; Prince Joſeph Trautzen, Archbiſhop of Vienna; Nicolas de Saulx de Tavannes, Biſhop of Roen; Paul d'Albert de Luynes, Biſhop of Sens; Stephen Renato Potier de Geſures, Biſhop of Beauvais; Francis di Solis Folch de Cardona, Archbiſhop of Sevil; Francis de Saldanha de Gama, Principal of the Patriarchate of Liſbon; Alberico Archinto, Archbiſhop of Nice and Governor of Rome. In the Night of the 12th Inſtant a ſmall Shock of an Earthquake was felt here, about Eight o'Clock Yeſterday Morning a ſecond, and about Ten in the Evening a third.

Berlin, April 15. The King has appointed Major Schulenbourg to be one of the Council of the Regency of Magdebourg, in the Room of M. Veldheim, who has obtained his Majeſty's Permiſſion to reſign. On Monday laſt the Princeſs Amelia, the King's Siſter, was inſtalled Abbeſs of Quedlinbourg, with all the Pomp and Magnificence uſual on the like Occaſions.

Bruſſels, April 20. According to the Advices we received Yeſterday from Paris, an Expreſs was arrived at Verſailles with an Account that the Fleet and the Troops under the Command of the Duke de Richelieu, intended againſt the Iſland of Minorca, ſailed from Toulon on the 12th Inſtant. Comte Lalaing, Governor of Bruges, died here the Day before Yeſterday in an advanced Age. The Reigning Duke of Mecklenbourg-Schwerin arrived here a few Days ago from France.

Stamp Office, April 17, 1756.

The Commiſſioners for managing His Majeſty's Stamp Duties do hereby give Notice, that from and after the 15th Inſtant, every Perſon who ſhall vend, ſell, or expoſe to ſale any Playing Cards in any Part of Great Britain, the ſame not being incloſed in Paper and Thread, ſtamped and marked as the Law directs, forfeits the Sum of 20 l. for every Pack ſo vended, ſold, or expoſed to ſale, one Half whereof to the Informer with full Coſts of Suit.

Stamp-Office, April 17, 1756.

The Commiſſioners for managing His Majeſty's Stamp Duties do hereby give Notice, that from and after the 18th Inſtant, no Licence is to be granted for ſelling Ale or Beer without being firſt Stamped with the additional Duty of 20s. of which all Juſtices, Mayors, Town Clerks, and all other Perſons whom it may concern are to take Notice.

Victualling